



Ditton Church Pre-School



Safeguarding Children and Child Protection Policy

This is a core policy that forms part of the induction for all staff.

It is a requirement that all members of staff have access to this policy and sign to say they have read and understood its contents.

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Key Contacts

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Deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead(s)	Bev McCrum	As above
Manager and Registered person	Manager – Wendy Caldicott Registered body – Ditton Church Pre-School Committee	
Safeguarding Committee Member	Tom Kitchen	
Other key staff or committee members	Ross Terranova – Committee Chairperson Caroline Gibbons – Committee Deputy Chairperson	

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What to do if you have a welfare concern in **Ditton Church Pre-School**

Why are you concerned?

For example:

- Something a child has said, for example, an allegation of harm
- Child's appearance; may include unexplained marks/bruises as well as dress
- Behaviour change(s)
- Witnessed concerning behaviour

Act immediately and record your concerns. If urgent, speak to a DSL first.

Follow the setting's procedure

- Reassure the child
- Clarify any concerns using open questions, if necessary (**TED: Tell, Explain, Describe**)
- Record facts and not opinions and use child's own words. Sign and date your record
- Seek support for yourself as required from DSL

Inform the Designated Safeguarding Lead:

Wendy Caldicott – Manager/DSL, Bev McCrum - Deputy Manager/Deputy DSL

- If a child is at risk of immediate harm and/or is unsafe to go home, make an urgent [Request for Support to the Front Door Service via the portal](#) or call the Police on 999.
- If no immediate risk of harm, provide internal support and/or refer to other agencies in line with [Kent Safeguarding Support Level Guidance and KSCMP procedures](#), as appropriate. For example, signposting to community services and/or early help open access, a non-urgent call to the Police via 101, reporting allegations against staff to the County LADO Service, or make a Request for Support via the [Front Door Service Portal](#).
- Where the setting is unsure, advice can be sought from a Local Authority Social Worker at the Front Door Service via **03000 411 111**
- Where support is required out of working hours, contact the Out of Hours Service via **03000 41 91 91**.

If you are unhappy with the response:

Staff:

- Follow setting whistleblowing procedures. ([see whistleblowing policy in staff policy file or on our website](#))
- Follow Kent [safeguarding partnership escalation](#) procedures.

Children and Parents:

- Follow settings complaints procedures ([within this policy](#))

Record decision making and action taken in the child's child protection file

Monitor

Be clear about:

- What you are monitoring. For example, behaviour trends, appearance.
- How long you will monitor.
- Where, how and to whom you will feedback and how you will record.

Review and request further support if necessary

At all stages, the child's circumstances will be kept under review.
The DSL/staff will request further support if required to ensure the **child's safety is paramount**



1. Child Focused Approach to Safeguarding

'All children deserve the care and support they need to have the best start in life. Children learn and develop at a faster rate from birth to five years old than at any other time in their lives, so their experiences in early years have a major impact on their future life chances. A secure, safe, and happy childhood is important in its own right. Good parenting and high-quality early learning provide the foundation children need to fulfil their potential.'

'Children learn best when they are healthy, safe, secure, when their individual needs are met, and when they have positive relationships with the adults caring for them.'

Early Years Foundation Stage (EYFS) 2024

1.1 Introduction

- Ditton Church Pre-School will provide a welcoming, safe, and stimulating environment where children can enjoy learning and grow in confidence. Ditton Church Pre-School will provide age-appropriate educational opportunities to enable early years children to develop positive relationships, self-regulation, social and emotional understanding, communication, language and understanding to help them understand how to keep themselves safe, and the importance of being kind to others.
- We recognise that early years settings play an essential role in helping children to understand and identify the parameters of what is appropriate child and adult behaviour; what is 'safe'; to recognise when they and others close to them are not safe; and how to speak to trusted adults who can support them when they are concerned. Children at Ditton Church Pre-School will be listened to and heard and their concerns will be taken seriously and acted upon as appropriate.
- Ditton Church Pre-School recognise that a one size fits all approach may not be appropriate for all children, and a more personalised or contextualised approach for more vulnerable children, victims of abuse and some SEND children might be needed.
- The Management committee of Ditton Church Pre-School believes that all those directly involved with our setting have an essential role to play in making it safe and secure. Our setting aims to create the safest environment within which every child can achieve their full potential. All children (defined in law and in this policy as those up to the age of 18) have a right to be heard and to have their wishes and feelings taken into account and all children regardless of age, sex (gender), ability, culture, race, language, religion or sexual identity or orientation, have equal rights to protection.
- This policy applies to all children, including those living with birth parents or extended family, those in kinship care, adopted children, looked after children, previously looked after children and care leavers. Where there are safeguarding concerns relating to pregnancy, staff will also consider the help, support and protection needs of unborn children.



- Ditton Church Pre-School recognise our statutory responsibility to safeguard and promote the welfare of all children. Safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children is **everybody's** responsibility and everyone has a role to play. All members of our community (staff, volunteers, governors, leaders, parents/carers, wider family networks, and children) have an important role in safeguarding children and all have an essential role to play in making our community safe and secure.
- Staff working with children at Ditton Church Pre-School will maintain an attitude of 'it could happen here' where safeguarding is concerned. When concerned about the welfare of a child, staff will always act in the best interests of the child and if any member of our community has a safeguarding concern about any child or adult, they should act and act immediately.
- Ditton Church Pre School are committed to creating and maintaining an inclusive, anti-discriminatory safeguarding culture. Staff are expected to recognise and challenge racism, discrimination and prejudice and to consider how these experiences may affect children's safety, welfare and access to support.
- As part of the safeguarding ethos of our setting, we are committed to:
 - Maintaining children's welfare as our paramount concern.
 - Developing a child centered environment and fostering a culture in which children feel safe, secure, valued, and respected, confident to talk openly and are sure of being listened to.
 - Developing appropriate and positive relationships between children and the adults that care for them, including working with both parents (where possible/appropriate) to ensure the welfare of all children, including, where necessary, the need to refer to other agencies when safeguarding concerns arise.
 - Using age-appropriate learning opportunities to help early years children understand and identify the parameters of what is appropriate child and adult behaviour; what is 'safe', to recognise when they and others close to them are not safe, and how to seek advice and support if they are concerned.
 - Ensuring all staff have regular and appropriate training (including induction) to enable them to recognise the signs and symptoms of abuse, and ensure they are aware of our procedures and reporting mechanisms.
 - Monitoring children who have been identified as 'in need', including the need for protection and implementing specific interventions and taking action for those who may be at risk of harm.
 - Keeping confidential child protection records, which are stored securely and shared appropriately, including with other professionals.
 - Developing effective and supportive liaison with other agencies to ensure children are safeguarded where concern arise.
- The procedures contained in this policy apply to all staff, including trustees, temporary or third-party agency staff and volunteers. This policy applies where there are any child protection concerns regarding children who attend the settings but may also apply to other children connected to the setting, for example, siblings or students on student/work placements (under 18s).
- Ditton Church Pre-School adheres to the Kent Safeguarding Children Multi-Agency Partnership (KSCMP) safeguarding children's procedures. The full KSCMP procedures, documents and additional guidance relating to specific safeguarding issues can be found on the KSCMP website: www.kscmp.org.uk



1.2 Policy context

- This policy is implemented in accordance with our compliance with the current statutory guidance as issued by the Department for Education (DfE) [Early Years and Foundation Stage](#) (EYFS), specifically listed in section 3: the safeguarding and welfare requirements.
- This policy has been developed in accordance with the principles established by the Children Acts 1989 and 2004 and related national and local guidance. This includes but is not limited to:
 - Early Years and Foundation Stage (EYFS)
 - Keeping Children Safe in Education (KCSIE)
 - Working Together to Safeguard Children (WTSC)
 - Ofsted: Education Inspection Framework
 - Framework for the Assessment of Children in Need and their Families 2000
 - [Kent and Medway Local Safeguarding Children Procedures](#)
 - The Education Act 2002
 - The Human Rights Act 1998
 - The Equality Act 2010 (including the Public Sector Equality Duty)
- Ditton Church Pre-School will follow local or national guidance in response to any emergencies. We will amend this policy and our procedures as necessary but regardless of the action required, our safeguarding principles will always remain the same and the welfare of the child is paramount.
- Ditton Church Pre-School recognise that as a result of the Covid-19 pandemic, some members of our community may have been exposed to a range of adversity and trauma including bereavement, anxiety and in some cases experienced increased welfare and/or safeguarding risks. We will work with local services, such as health and the local authority, to ensure necessary support is in place.
- This policy will be evaluated at least annually, and will be revised as necessary, so that it reflects the current safeguarding issues and challenges, including lessons learnt. The policy will also be updated after any national or local changes, major local or national safeguarding incidents and/or learning, and/or any modifications to our own procedures.
- All staff (including temporary staff and volunteers) will be provided with a copy of this policy and Part One and/or Annex A of KCSIE as appropriate This can be found in the Staff Policy Folder in the lounge.
- Parents/carers can obtain a copy of our Child Protection Policy and other related policies on request. Additionally, our policies can be viewed via our website: www.dittonchurchPre-School.org or in the parents policy file in the hallway.
- The Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) and manager (Wendy Caldicott) will ensure the management Committee receive regular reporting on safeguarding activity and systems. They will not receive details of individual children's situations or identifying features of families as part of their oversight responsibility.



- This policy is one of a series of our integrated safeguarding portfolio and should be read and actioned in conjunction with the policies as listed below:
 - Behaviour Management
 - Attendance
 - Confidentiality
 - Procedure for all visitors to the setting
 - Online safety policy (including mobile phones, cameras and social networking)
 - Social networking procedure for staff
 - Allegations against staff
 - Low level concerns
 - Secure storage and Disclosure
 - Health and Safety
 - Lockdown procedure
 - Emergency evacuation procedure
 - Administration of Medication
 - Food and drink
 - Equipment and Resources
 - Toileting procedure
 - Epidemic and Pandemic
 - Whistleblowing policy and guidance
 - Recruitment and staff employment policy inc Asylum & Immigration procedure
 - Recruitment of Ex-offenders Policy

Supporting Guidance (to be read and followed alongside this document)

- Keeping Children Safe in Education ‘[Keeping Children Safe in Education](#)’
- Ofsted ‘[Early years inspection handbook](#)’
- Guidance for Safer Working Practice for Adults who Work with Children and Young People in Education Settings - [Safer Recruitment Consortium](#)
- [What to do if you are worried a child is being abused](#)
- UK Council for Internet Safety (UKCIS) [Safeguarding children and protecting professionals in early years settings: online safety considerations](#)
- These documents can be found in the safeguarding drawer in the filing cabinet (to be accessed by DSLs only) or via the internet.

1.3 Definition of safeguarding

- In line with ‘[Working Together to Safeguard Children](#)’, safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children is defined for the purposes of this policy as:
 - providing help and support to meet the needs of children as soon as problems emerge.
 - protecting children from maltreatment, whether that is within or outside the home, including online.
 - preventing impairment of children’s mental and physical health or development.



- ensuring that children grow up in circumstances consistent with the provision of safe and effective care.
- promoting the upbringing of children with their birth parents, or otherwise their family network, whenever possible and where this is in the best interests of the child(ren).
- taking action to enable all children to have the best outcomes.

- Safeguarding “*is everyone’s responsibility*” and everyone who comes into contact with children and families has a role to play. Everyone should consider wider environmental factors in a child’s life that may be a threat to their safety and/or welfare.

- Child protection is part of safeguarding and promoting the welfare of all children and is defined as activity that is undertaken to protect specific children who are suspected to be suffering, or likely to suffer, significant harm. This includes harm that occurs inside or outside the home, including online.

- We recognise that children may experience multiple overlapping harms at the same time, including online harms, extra-familial harm and exploitation and that safeguarding responses should take account of the full context of a child’s lived experience.

- Our setting acknowledges that safeguarding includes a wide range of specific issues including (but not limited to):
 - Abuse and neglect
 - Bullying, including cyberbullying
 - Child-on-child abuse
 - Children with family members in prison
 - Children who are absent or missing from education
 - Child missing from home or care
 - Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE)
 - Child Criminal Exploitation (CCE)
 - Contextual safeguarding (risks outside the family home)
 - County lines and gangs
 - Domestic abuse
 - Drugs and alcohol misuse
 - Fabricated or induced illness
 - Faith abuse
 - Gender based abuse and violence against women and girls
 - Group-based exploitation
 - Hate
 - Homelessness
 - Human trafficking and modern slavery
 - Mental health
 - Nude or semi-nude image sharing, also known as youth produced/involved sexual imagery or “Sexting”
 - Online safety
 - Preventing radicalisation and extremism
 - Private fostering
 - Relationship abuse



- Serious violence
 - Sexual violence and sexual harassment
 - So-called ‘honour-based’ abuse, including Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) and forced marriage
 - ‘Upskirting’
- Annex B of ‘[Keeping Children Safe in Education](#)’ (KCSIE) contains important additional information about specific forms of abuse and safeguarding issues. Staff at the setting who work directly with children will read part one and annex B of KCSIE.
 - If staff have any concerns about a child’s welfare, they should act on them immediately. They should follow this policy and speak to the Designated Safeguarding Lead (or deputy).

1.4 Safe Culture

- As part of our approach to safeguarding, we will create and embed a culture of openness, trust and transparency in which our values and expected behaviour as set out in our staff behaviour code of conduct are constantly lived, monitored and reinforced by all staff, and any concerns are dealt with promptly and appropriately. Our setting will ensure processes, training and support is in place for staff to promote continuous vigilance, maintain an environment that deters and prevents abuse and challenges inappropriate behaviour.
- All members of staff are required to work within our clear guidelines on safer working practice as outlined in our staff behaviour code of conduct.
- Staff will be made aware of our behaviour management, physical intervention and health and safety policies. Staff will manage behaviour effectively to ensure a good and safe educational environment and will have a clear understanding of the needs of all children. Any physical interventions, use of reasonable force and use of first aid will be in line with our agreed policy and procedures, and national guidance.
- All staff will be made aware of the professional risks associated with the use of social media and electronic communication (such as email, mobile phones, texting, social networking). Staff will adhere to relevant policies including our staff behaviour code of conduct and online safety inc mobile phones, cameras and social networking policy.
- All staff and volunteers should feel able to raise any concerns about poor or unsafe practice and potential failures in our safeguarding regime. The management team at Ditton Church Pre-School will take all concerns or allegations received seriously.
- All members of staff are made aware of our Whistleblowing procedure which is detailed in our Whistle Blowing Policy and Guidance. It is a disciplinary offence not to report concerns about the conduct of a colleague that could place a child at risk.
- Staff can access the NSPCC whistleblowing helpline if they do not feel able to raise concerns regarding child protection failures internally. Staff can call 0800 028 0285 (8:00 AM to 8:00 PM Monday to Friday) or email help@nspcc.org.uk.



- Staff are encouraged and should feel confident to self-refer, if they have found themselves in a situation which could be misinterpreted, might appear compromising to others, and/or on reflection they believe they have behaved in such a way that they consider falls below the expected professional standards. This includes where concerns may be felt to be deliberately invented or malicious; such allegations are extremely rare and as such all concerns should be reported and recorded.
- Ditton Church Pre-School has a legal duty to refer to the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) anyone who has harmed, or poses a risk of harm, to a child, or if there is reason to believe the member of staff has committed one of a number of listed offences, and who has been removed from working (paid or unpaid) in regulated activity or would have been removed had they not left. The DBS will consider whether to bar the person.
 - If these circumstances arise in relation to a member of staff at our setting, a referral will be made as soon as possible after the resignation or removal of the individual in accordance with advice from the [LADO](#).
- Ditton Church Pre-School have a duty to inform Ofsted of any allegations of serious harm or abuse by any person living, working, or looking after children at the premises (whether the allegations relate to harm or abuse committed on the premises or elsewhere). We will also notify Ofsted of the action taken in respect of the allegations. Notifications will be made as soon as is reasonably practicable, but at the latest within 14 days of the allegations being made and are aware that to not do so would be an offence.

2. Key Responsibilities

2.1 Leadership & Management

- The manager has a strategic responsibility for our safeguarding arrangements and will comply with their duties under legislation. The manager and management committee have regard to the KCSIE and EYFS guidance and will ensure our policies, procedures and training is effective and complies with the law at all times.
- The manager and management committee will facilitate a whole setting approach to safeguarding which involves everyone. They will ensure that safeguarding and child protection are at the forefront and underpin all relevant aspects of process and policy development, so that all systems, processes, and policies operate with the best interests of the child at their heart. The management committee will ensure that our child protection and safeguarding policies and procedures are understood and followed by all staff.
- The management committee will ensure that the Designated Safeguarding Lead is supported in their role and is provided with sufficient time so they can provide appropriate support to staff and children regarding any safeguarding and welfare concerns.
- The management committee are aware of their obligations under the Human Rights Act 1998, the Equality Act 2010, (including the Public Sector Equality Duty), and the local multi-agency safeguarding arrangements set out by the Kent Safeguarding Children Multi-Agency Partnership ([KSCMP](#)).



- This includes but is not limited to safeguarding all members of our community (for example, staff, children, parents/carers, and other family members) identified with protected characteristics within the Equality Act: age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex, sexual orientation.
- For further information about our approaches to equality, diversity, and inclusion, please access our policies on our website www.dittonchurchPre-School.org or in the parents policy file in the hallway.
- The management committee and leadership team will promote an inclusive, anti-discriminatory safeguarding culture and will ensure systems, training and policy implementation support staff to identify, understand and challenge racism, discrimination and disproportionality in safeguarding practice.

2.2 Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL)

- The EYFS states; '*a practitioner must be designated to take lead responsibility for safeguarding children in every setting*'.
 - Wendy Caldicott, Pre-School manager is appointed as the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) for our setting.
- The setting has also appointed Deputy DSLs who will have delegated responsibilities and act in the DSLs absence.
 - Bev McCrum, Pre-School deputy manager/leader of learning
- The DSL will undergo appropriate and specific training to provide them with the knowledge and skills required to carry out their role. Deputy DSLs will be trained to the same standard as the DSL. The DSLs training will be updated formally at least every two years, but their knowledge and skills will be updated at least annually through a variety of methods at regular intervals.
- The DSL has overall responsibility for the day-to-day oversight of safeguarding and child protection systems (including online safety) in the setting. Whilst the activities of the DSL may be delegated to the deputies, the ultimate lead responsibility for safeguarding and child protection remains with the DSL and this responsibility will not be delegated.
- It is the role of the DSL to:
 - Act as the central contact point for all staff to discuss any safeguarding concerns.
 - Maintain a confidential recording system for safeguarding and child protection concerns.
 - Coordinate safeguarding action for individual children.
 - When supporting children with a social worker or looked after children, the DSL should have the details of the child's social worker in the authority that looks after the child.
 - Liaise with other agencies and professionals in line with EYFS and WTSC.
 - Ensure that locally established procedures as put in place by the three safeguarding partners as part of the [Kent Safeguarding Children Multi-Agency Partnership](#) (KSCMP) procedures, including referrals, are followed, as necessary
 - Ensuring that our safeguarding responses are coordinated with wider multi-agency planning, including early help, child in need planning, child protection planning and care planning, where applicable.



- Represent, or ensure the setting is appropriately represented at multi-agency safeguarding meetings (including child protection conferences).
- Manage and monitor the setting's role in any multi-agency plan for a child.
- Be available during setting hours for staff to discuss any safeguarding concerns and ensuring adequate and appropriate DSL cover arrangements in response to any closures and out of hours and/or out of term activities.
- Take lead responsibility for online safety, including understanding the filtering and monitoring systems and processes in place.
- Ensure all staff access appropriate safeguarding training and relevant updates in line with the recommendations within EYFS.
- Liaise with the management committee to inform them of any safeguarding issues, especially ongoing enquiries under section 47 of the Children Act 1989 and police investigations.

2.3 Members of staff

- The welfare requirement of the EYFS requires providers *'to take all necessary steps to keep children safe and well'* and accordingly, everyone involved in the care of young children has a role to play in their protection.
- Our staff are in a unique position to observe any changes in a child's behaviour or appearance, may be able to identify concerns early, provide help and support for children, promote children's welfare and prevent concerns from escalating.
- All members of staff have a responsibility to:
 - provide a safe environment in which children can learn.
 - be aware of the indicators of abuse, neglect and exploitation so that they can identify cases of children who may need help or protection.
 - know what to do if a child tells them that they are being abused, neglected, or exploited and understand the impact this can have upon a child.
 - be prepared to identify children who may benefit from early help, including understanding the early help process and their role in it.
 - understand our setting's safeguarding policies and systems.
 - undertake regular and appropriate training which is regularly updated.
 - be aware of the local process of making referrals to children's social care and statutory assessment under the Children Act 1989.
 - know how to maintain an appropriate level of confidentiality.
 - ensure that adequate supervision of children is implemented in line with our policy expectations as listed in our staff behaviour code of conduct and health and safety policies, including that whilst children are eating, they must be within sight and hearing of an adult.
 - reassure children who report concerns that they are being taken seriously and that they will be supported and kept safe.
 - All practitioners must be alert to any issues of concern in the child's life at home or elsewhere.
- Staff at Ditton Church Pre-School recognise that children may not feel ready or know how to tell someone that they are being abused, exploited, or neglected, and/or they may not recognise their experiences as being



abusive or harmful. This should not prevent staff from having professional curiosity and speaking to a DSL if they have any concerns about a child.

- Staff at Ditton Church Pre-School will determine how best to build trusted relationships with children, young people and parents/carers which facilitate appropriate professional communication in line with existing and relevant policies, for example, our behaviour management policy.

2.4 Children

- Children have a right to:
 - Feel safe, be listened to, and have their wishes and feelings taken into account.
 - Confidently report any worries, knowing their concerns will be treated seriously, and they can safely express their views and give feedback.
 - Receive help from a trusted adult.
 - Learn how to keep themselves safe, including online.

2.5 Parents and carers

- Parents/carers have a responsibility to:
 - Understand and adhere to any relevant setting policies and procedures.
 - Talk to their children about safeguarding issues and support the setting in their safeguarding approaches.
 - Identify behaviours which could indicate that their child is at risk of harm including online.
 - Seek help and support from the setting or other agencies.

3. Child Protection Procedures

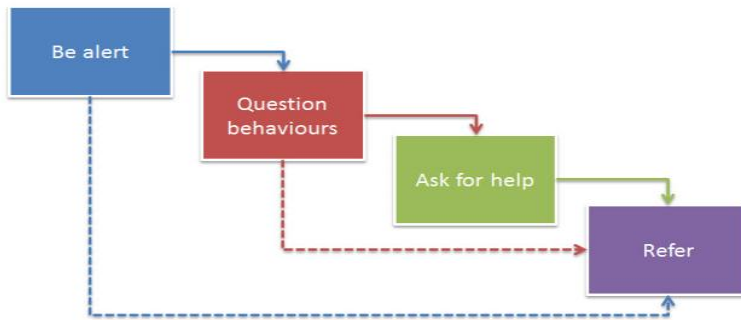
3.1 Recognising indicators of abuse, neglect and exploitation

- Staff will maintain an attitude of ‘it could happen here’ where safeguarding is concerned. When concerned about the welfare of a child, staff will always act in the best interests of the child.
- All staff are made aware of the definitions and indicators of abuse, neglect and exploitation as identified by ‘Working Together to Safeguard Children’ and ‘Keeping Children Safe in Education’. This is outlined locally within the [Kent Support Levels Guidance](#).
- Ditton Church Pre-School recognise that when assessing whether a child may be suffering actual or potential harm there are four categories of abuse (for more in-depth information, see appendix 1):
 - Physical abuse
 - Sexual abuse
 - Emotional abuse



- Neglect

- By understanding the indicators of abuse, neglect and exploitation we can respond to problems as early as possible and provide the right support and services for the child and their family.
- All members of staff are expected to be aware of and follow the below approach if they are concerned about a child:



[‘What to do if you are worried a child is being abused’](#)

- Ditton Church Pre-School recognises that concerns may arise in many different contexts and can vary greatly in terms of their nature and seriousness. The indicators of child abuse, neglect and exploitation can vary from child to child. Children develop and mature at different rates, so what appears to be worrying behaviour for a younger child might be normal for an older child. It is important to recognise that indicators of abuse, neglect and exploitation do not automatically mean a child is being harmed, however all concerns should be taken seriously and will be explored by the DSL on a case-by-case basis.
- Ditton Church Pre-School recognises abuse, neglect, exploitation and other safeguarding issues are rarely standalone events and cannot always be covered by one definition or one label alone. In many cases, multiple issues will overlap with one another, therefore staff will always be vigilant and always raise concerns with a DSL.
- Parental behaviors can indicate child abuse, neglect and exploitation; staff will be alert to parent-child interactions or concerning parental behaviours; this could include parents who are under the influence of drugs or alcohol or if there is a sudden change in their mental health.
- Children may report abuse, neglect and exploitation happening to themselves, other children, or their family members. All reports made by children to staff will be taken seriously and will be responded to in line with this policy.
- Safeguarding incidents and/or behaviours can be associated with factors and risks outside the setting. Children can be at risk of abuse, neglect and exploitation in situations outside their families; extra-familial harms take a variety of different forms and children can be vulnerable to multiple harms including (but not limited to) sexual exploitation, criminal exploitation, sexual abuse, serious youth violence and county lines.
- Ditton Church Pre-School recognises that technology can be a significant component in many safeguarding and wellbeing issues; children are at risk of abuse, neglect and exploitation online from people they know (including



other children) and from people they do not know; in many cases, abuse will take place concurrently via online channels and in daily life.

- Ditton Church Pre-School recognises that some children have additional or complex needs and may require access to intensive or specialist services to support them.
- In all cases, if staff are unsure of what action to take, they will always speak to the DSL (or deputy).

3.2 Responding to child protection concerns

Where safeguarding concerns are identified, the child's lived experience, voice and views will remain central to our decision-making, assessment and planning.

- If staff are concerned about the safety or welfare of a child, they are expected to:
 - listen carefully to the child, reflecting back the concern.
 - be non-judgmental.
 - avoid using any leading questions; only prompting the child where necessary, with open questions to clarify information. For example, who, what, where, when or Tell, Explain, Describe (TED).
 - not promise confidentiality as concerns will have to be shared further, for example, with the DSL and potentially Integrated Children's Services.
 - be clear about boundaries and how the report will be progressed.
 - record the concern using the facts, for example, words the child uses or recording the location of any marks using a body map, in line with our record keeping requirements.
 - inform the DSL (or deputy), as soon as practically possible.
- All staff are made aware that early information sharing is vital for the effective identification, assessment, and allocation of appropriate service provision, whether this is when problems first emerge, or where a child is already known to other agencies. Staff will not assume a colleague, or another professional will act and share information that might be critical in keeping children safe.
- In Kent, targeted/intensive Early Help and Preventative Services and Children's Social Work Services are part of [Integrated Children's Services](#) (ICS) and are accessed via the 'Front Door Service'/[Kent Children's Services Portal](#). Community-based Early Help can be accessed via Kent Family Hubs, as well as being provided by schools/colleges themselves and other local support.
- 'Community-based Early help' is defined in 'Working together to safeguard children' as support for children of all ages that improves a family's resilience and outcomes or reduces the chance of a problem getting worse. It is not an individual service, but a system of support delivered by local authorities and their partners, including education providers, working together and taking collective responsibility to provide the right provision in their area. It is distinct from targeted Early Help delivered through more formal arrangements coordinated by local authorities, where a plan is in place and a lead practitioner appointed.
 - If community-based early help support is appropriate, the DSL (or a deputy) will lead on exploring internal resources available and liaising with other universal or additional services available via local agencies, including Kent Family Hubs.



Next date for review:	November 2026
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- Where Intensive Support Early Help (provided by ICS, outlined in the [KSCMP support levels guidance](#)) is considered to be appropriate, the DSL (or deputy) will make a 'request for support' via the [Kent Children's Services Portal](#).
- Staff, including the DSL, may be required to work with other agencies and professionals in an early help assessment.
- The DSL will keep all Early Help cases under constant review and consideration will be given to escalating concerns and/or seeking advice from the Front Door Service if the situation does not appear to be improving or is getting worse.
- Where relevant, the setting action, assessments and planning will link to any existing Early Help plan and/or wider multi-agency planning.
- Where a child is suffering, or is likely to suffer from harm, or is in immediate danger (for example, under section 17 or 47 of the Children Act), intensive or specialist support is required and a 'request for support' will be made immediately to Kent [Integrated Children's Services](#) (via the [portal](#)) and/or the police, in line with the [Kent Support Level Guidance and KSCMP procedures](#).
 - Our setting recognises that in situations where there are immediate child protection concerns for a child as identified in line with Support Level Guidance, it is NOT to investigate as a single agency, but to act in line with KSCMP guidance which may involve multi-agency decision making.
 - The DSL may seek advice or guidance from a social worker via the Front Door Service before deciding next steps.
- The DSL, or a deputy DSL in the absence of the DSL will have the overall responsibility for making referrals. However, all staff are made aware of the local process for making referrals to Integrated Children's Services and for statutory assessments under the Children Act 1989, especially section 17 (children in need) and section 47 (a child suffering, or likely to suffer, significant harm) that may follow a referral, along with the role they might be expected to play in such assessments.
- If staff have any concerns about a child's welfare, they are expected to act on them immediately. If staff are unsure if something is a safeguarding issue, they will speak to the DSL (or deputy). If in exceptional circumstances, a DSL is not available, this should not delay appropriate action being taken by staff.
 - Staff will speak to a member of the management team, request a consultation with a social worker from the Front Door Service, or make a request for support to the Front Door Service themselves; for contact information, see flowchart on page x.
 - In these circumstances, any action taken by staff will be shared with a DSL as soon as is possible.
- In the event of a request for support to the Front Door Service being necessary, parents/carers will be informed and consent to this will be sought by the DSL in line with guidance provided by KSCMP and ICS. Parents/carers will always be informed in the case of a request for support being submitted by the setting unless there is a valid reason not to do so, for example, if informing them may put a child at risk of harm or could undermine a criminal investigation.
- If, after a request for support or any other planned external intervention, a child's situation does not appear to be improving, or concerns regarding receiving a decision or the decisions made, staff or the DSL will re-refer (if appropriate) and/or DSLs will follow the [Kent Escalation and Professional Challenge Policy](#) to ensure their concerns have been addressed and, most importantly, that the child's situation improves.
- DSLs and staff will be mindful of the need for the setting to ensure any activity or support implemented to support children and/or families is recorded. Support provided by the setting where families are struggling will be overseen and reviewed by the DSL on a regular basis to ensure activity does not obscure potential safeguarding concerns from the wider professional network.

3.3 Recording concerns

- All safeguarding concerns, discussions, decisions, and reasons for those decisions, will be recorded in writing on the setting safeguarding concern form and passed without delay to the DSL. Our records will include a clear and comprehensive summary of any concerns, details of how concerns were followed up and resolved, a note of any action taken or not taken, how any decisions were reached and any outcomes.
- Completed Incident/Welfare concern forms are kept in the DSLs safeguarding drawer in the filing cabinet in the lounge. Blank forms for staff use are kept in the safeguarding file in the lounge.
- If there is an immediate safeguarding concern the member of staff will consult with a DSL before completing the form as reporting urgent concerns takes priority.
- Records will be completed as soon as possible after the incident/event, using the child's words and will be signed and dated by the member of staff. Child protection records will record facts and not personal opinions. A body map will be completed if visible marks or injuries to a child have been observed.
- If members of staff are in any doubt about recording requirements, they will discuss their concerns with the DSL.
- Confidential information and records about staff and children will always be held securely and will only be accessible and available to those who have a right or professional need to see them. Staff records are stored in a locked filing cabinet in the office, only accessible to the Pre-School administrator and manager. Children's records are double locked in a filing cabinet in the lounge.
- Child protection records will be kept for individual children and will be maintained separately from all other records relating to the child in the setting. Child protection records will be kept and shared in accordance with our responsibilities under the Data Protection Legislation and, where relevant, the Freedom of Information Act 2000.
- Ditton Church Pre-School has an appropriately trained Data Protection Officer (DPO) as required by the UK General Data Protection Regulations (UK GDPR) to ensure that our setting is compliant with all matters relating to confidentiality and information sharing requirements. Our DPOs are Jane Barwick, Pre-School Administrator and Secretary and Tom Kitchen, committee member.
- All child protection records will be transferred in accordance with data protection legislation to the child's subsequent setting or school, under confidential and separate cover as soon as possible. Child protection files will be transferred securely to the new DSL, separately to the child's main file, and a confirmation of receipt will be obtained. We aim to do this within 5 days of the beginning of a new term.
- In addition to the child protection file, the DSL will also consider if it would be appropriate to share any information with the DSL at the new setting or school in advance of a child leaving, for example, information that would allow the new setting or school to continue to provide support.
- Where the setting receives child protection files from another setting, the DSL will ensure key staff such as the [Special Educational Needs Co-ordinators \(SENCOs\)](#) will be made aware of relevant information as required.



- Where a child joins the setting and no child protection files are received, the DSL will proactively seek to confirm from the previous setting whether any child protections exist for the child, and if so, if the files have been sent.
- Please see also our ‘low level concerns’ policy for circumstances where the issues raised fall below the level of a serious concern or allegation.

3.4 Multi-agency working

- Ditton Church Pre-School recognises the pivotal role we have to play in multi-agency safeguarding arrangements and is committed to its responsibility to work within the [KSCMP](#) multi-agency safeguarding arrangements as identified within ‘Working Together to Safeguard Children’.
- The management committee and Manager/DSL will work to establish strong and co-operative local relationships with professionals in other agencies, including the safeguarding partners in line with local and national guidance. Some examples of multi-agency relationships may include, but are not exhaustive are:
 - social workers and other professionals involved in strategy meetings and child protection conferences
 - early help workers
 - specialist services/support
 - health visitors
 - other health professionals such as paediatricians and speech and language therapists
 - specialist teachers
 - equality and inclusion professionals
 - other schools/settings where children attend one than one setting/provision
 - police

Where a child is supported through Early Help/Family, child in need, child protection or care planning processes, our setting will work with partner agencies to promote joined-up planning and avoid duplication, ensuring the child’s educational needs, safety and lived experience are reflected.

3.5 Confidentiality and information sharing

- Ditton Church Pre-School recognises our duty and powers to hold, use and share relevant information with appropriate agencies in matters relating to child protection at the earliest opportunity as per statutory guidance outlined within EYFS and KCSIE.
- Where reasonably possible, our setting will hold more than one emergency contact number for each child. There is an expectation that contact information will be held for both parents, unless doing so would put a child at risk of harm.
- Ditton Church Pre-School has an appropriately trained Data Protection Officer (DPO) as required by the UK General Data Protection Regulations (UK GDPR) to ensure that our setting is compliant with all matters relating



to confidentiality and information sharing requirements. Our DPO's are Jane Barwick, Pre-School Administrator and Secretary and Tom Kitchen, committee member.

- All staff are made aware of the need to protect the privacy of the children in their care, as well the legal requirements that exist to ensure that information relating to the child is handled in a way that ensures both confidentiality and safeguarding.
 - Ditton Church Pre-School will ensure staff are aware of our confidentiality policy and will ensure there is an area where staff may talk to parents and/or carers confidentially.
 - All staff are aware they cannot promise a child that they will not tell anyone about a report of any form of abuse, as this may not be in the best interests of the child.
- Staff will have due regard to the relevant data protection principles, which allow them to share and withhold personal information.
 - The Data Protection Act 2018 and UK GDPR do not prevent the sharing of information for the purposes of keeping children safe. Staff have a professional responsibility to be proactive in sharing information as early as possible to help identify, assess, and respond to risks or concerns about the safety and welfare of children; this may include sharing information with the DSL and with other agencies as appropriate. Fears about sharing information must not be allowed to stand in the way of the need to safeguard and promote the welfare and protect the safety of children.
 - KCSIE, the [Information Commissioner's Office](#) (ICO) and DfE '[Information sharing advice for safeguarding practitioners](#)' guidance provides further details regarding information sharing principles and expectations.
 - All private and sensitive information is stored in a double locked filing cabinet in the church centre 'lounge room'. For further details please see our GDPR policy which can be found on our website www.dittonchurchPre-School.org or in the policy file in the main hallway.
- The management committee and DSL will only disclose relevant safeguarding information about a child with staff on a 'need to know' basis.
- Please see also our 'GDPR' policy

3.6 Complaints

- All members of our community should feel able to raise or report any concerns about children's safety or potential failures in our safeguarding regime. The leadership team at Ditton Church Pre-School will take all concerns reported seriously and all complaints will be considered and responded to in line with the relevant and appropriate process.
- The setting has a complaints procedure available to parents, members of staff and visitors who wish to report concerns or complaints. This can be found on our website www.dittonchurchPre-School.org and in the parents policy file in the hallway.
- Staff can also access the NSPCC whistleblowing helpline if they do not feel able to raise concerns regarding child protection failures internally.
 - Staff can call 0800 028 0285 (8:00 AM to 8:00 PM Monday to Friday) or email help@nspcc.org.uk.



- Any complaints that constitute an allegation against a member of staff or volunteer will be dealt with in line with section 8 of this policy.

3.6 Child absences

Staff will ensure that absences without notification from the parent or carer, or prolonged absences, are followed up in a timely manner. The key person will phone the parents or carer by 11am of the morning of the first absence. If there is no response they will try the other emergency contacts.

For further information please see our Attendance Policy.

4. Specific Safeguarding Issues

- Ditton Church Pre-School is aware of a range of specific safeguarding issues and situations that can put children at greater risk of harm. Whilst some of these issues may be more likely to involve older children, early years children may still be at risk of harm, or concerns may be identified where there are risks for children's family members or siblings, and/or young staff members, including for example, children on work placements/experience.
- Where staff are unsure how to respond to specific safeguarding issues, they should follow the processes as identified in part 3 of this policy and speak with the DSL or a deputy.

4.1 Bruising in non-mobile children

- Bruising in babies, infants or children with complex needs that are not mobile (meaning a child who is unable to move independently through rolling, crawling, cruising, or bottom shuffling) is unusual and should always be explored.
- If our setting is concerned about actual or suspected bruising on a non-mobile child, we will respond in line with the [‘Kent and Medway Protocol for the Management of Actual or Suspected Bruising in Infants and Children who are not Independently Mobile’](#) procedures (2.2.8 of the KSCMP procedures). In summary, these procedures state:
 - If a child appears seriously ill or injured, emergency treatment should be sought through an emergency department (ED) and the Kent ICS should be notified of the concern and the child's location.
 - In all other cases:
 - Staff must inform the DSL immediately and describe and document accurately on a body map, the size, shape, colour, and position of the mark/s on the head and/or body.
 - Any explanation of the history of the injury or comments by the parents/carers will be documented accurately (verbatim) in the child's record, along with the body map.
 - If there is a concern about parental response to the injury, no explanation, or an explanation that is inadequate, unlikely or does not rule out abuse or neglect, an immediate referral will be made to Kent ICS, who have responsibility for arranging further multi-agency assessments.



- If there are concerns regarding the immediate safety of the child or staff, the police will be called.
- If the setting is in any doubt as to how to respond to bruising on a non-mobile child, advice may be sought from the Front Door Service.

4.2 Child-on-child abuse

- All members of staff at Ditton Church Pre-School recognise that children can abuse other children; this is known as child-on-child abuse, and it can happen both inside and outside of the setting and online.
- Ditton Church Pre-School recognises that child-on-child abuse can take many forms, including but not limited to:
 - Bullying, including cyberbullying, prejudice-based and discriminatory bullying
 - Abuse in intimate personal relationships between children
 - Physical abuse which can include hitting, kicking, shaking, biting, hair pulling, or otherwise causing physical harm
 - Sexual violence and sexual harassment
 - Consensual and non-consensual sharing of nudes and semi-nude images and/or videos (also known as ‘sexting’ or youth produced sexual imagery)
 - Causing someone to engage in sexual activity without consent, such as forcing someone to strip, touch themselves sexually, or to engage in sexual activity with a third party
 - Upskirting (which is a criminal offence), which typically involves taking a picture under a person’s clothing without their permission, with the intention of viewing their genitals or buttocks to obtain sexual gratification, or cause the victim humiliation, distress or alarm
 - Initiation/hazing type violence and rituals
- Any allegations of child-on-child abuse will be recorded, investigated, and dealt with in line with this child protection policy.
- Ditton Church Pre-School adopts a zero-tolerance approach to child-on-child abuse. We believe that abuse is abuse and it will never be tolerated or dismissed as “just banter”, “just having a laugh”, “part of growing up” or “boys being boys”; this can lead to a culture of unacceptable behaviours and can create an unsafe environment for children and a culture that normalises abuse, which can prevent children from coming forward to report it. All allegations of child-on-child abuse will be reported to the DSL and will be recorded, investigated, and dealt with accordingly.
- All staff have a role to play in challenging inappropriate behaviours between children. Staff recognise that some child-on-child abuse issues may be affected by gender, age, ability, and culture of those involved. For example, for gender-based abuse, girls are more likely to be victims and boys more likely to be perpetrators.
- In order to minimise the risk of child-on-child abuse, Ditton Church Pre-School will:
 - Provide an age/ability appropriate curriculum and a robust behaviour management policy
- The DSL (or deputy) is likely to have a complete safeguarding picture and will be the most appropriate person to advise on the initial response.



- The DSL will make an immediate risk and needs assessment which will be considered on a case-by-case basis which explores how best to support and protect any victims and alleged perpetrators, and any other children involved/impacted, in line with the relevant local/national guidance and support, for example [KSCMP](#) procedures.
 - The risk and needs assessment will be recorded and kept under review and will consider the victim (especially their protection and support), the alleged perpetrator, and all other children, adult students (if appropriate), and staff and any actions that are required to protect them.
 - Any concerns involving an online element (for example the taking and/or sharing of nude or semi-nude images) will take place in accordance with relevant local/national guidance and advice.
- Reports of harmful sexual behaviour will initially be managed internally by the setting DSL, and where necessary, will be referred to [Integrated Children's Services](#) (Early Help and/or Children's Social Work Service) via the Children's Portal and/or the police.
 - Alleged victims, alleged perpetrators and any other child affected by child-on-child abuse will be supported by taking reports seriously, listening carefully, avoiding victim blaming, providing appropriate pastoral support, working with parents/carers, reviewing educational approaches, following procedures as identified in other policies, for example, behaviour and child protection policy, and where necessary and appropriate, informing the police and/or ICS
 - If at any stage the DSL is unsure if a request for support is appropriate, advice may be sought from the Front Door Service.

4.3 Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE) and Child Criminal Exploitation (CCE)

- Ditton Church Pre-School recognises that both Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE) and Child Criminal Exploitation (CCE) are forms of abuse that occur where an individual or group takes advantage of an imbalance in power to coerce, manipulate or deceive a child into taking part in sexual or criminal activity, in exchange for something the victim needs or wants, and/or for the financial advantage or increased status of the perpetrator or facilitator and/or through serious violence or the threat of serious violence. CSE and CCE can affect children, both male and female and can include children who have been moved (commonly referred to as trafficking) for the purpose of exploitation. Children may also experience exploitation alongside other forms of harm or abuse.
- If staff are concerned that a child within the setting or our wider community may be at risk of CSE or CCE, immediate action should be taken by speaking to the DSL or a deputy. If the DSL is unsure on how to proceed, advice will be sought from the Front Door service.

4.4 So-called Honour Based Abuse (HBA)

- So-called 'honour'-based abuse (HBA), including abuse linked to faith or belief, encompasses incidents or crimes which have been committed to protect or defend the honour of the family and/or the community, including female genital mutilation (FGM), forced marriage, and practices such as breast ironing. Staff will report any concerns about HBA to the DSL (or a deputy). If there is an immediate threat, the police will be contacted.



- All staff will speak to the DSL (or deputy) if they have any concerns about forced marriage. Staff can also contact the Forced Marriage Unit if they need advice or information: 020 7008 0151 or fm_u@fcd_o.gov.uk
- If the setting employs staff with Qualified Teacher Status, Early Years Professional Status or Early Years Teacher Status, there is a specific legal duty to report concerns of FGM.
 - Section 5B of the Female Genital Mutilation Act 2003 (as inserted by section 74 of the Serious Crime Act 2015) places a statutory duty upon teachers in England and Wales, to personally report to the police where they discover that FGM appears to have been carried out on a girl. Further information can be found at: [Mandatory reporting of female genital mutilation procedural information](#) and [FGM Mandatory reporting Duty Fact Sheet](#).
 - Unless the teacher has good reason not to, they are expected to also discuss any FGM concerns with the DSL (or a deputy), and Kent Integrated Childrens Services should be informed as appropriate.

4.5 Preventing radicalisation

- Education settings, including early years providers are often in a unique position, through interacting with children on a regular basis, to be able to identify concerning behaviour changes that may indicate they are susceptible to radicalisation.
- Ditton Church Pre-School is aware of our duty under section 26 of the Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015 (the CTSA 2015), to have “due regard to the need to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism”, also known as the Prevent duty and the [specific obligations](#) placed upon us as an education provider regarding risk assessments, working in partnership, staff training, and IT policies.
- Ditton Church Pre-School will ensure that all staff receive appropriate training to enable them to help them prevent learners from being radicalised into terrorism.
 - Staff training will be delivered at the earliest opportunity to ensure staff are adequately equipped for their role. This training will enable staff to be alert to any changes in children’s behaviour which could indicate that they may need help or protection and ensure they are aware of what action to take in response, including the internal Prevent referral arrangements.
 - Ditton Church Pre-School require their staff to do the following training every two years:
 - Channel general awareness (GOV.UK)
 - Safeguarding against Radicalisation – The Prevent Duty (KSCMP)
 - The Designated Safeguarding Leads (DSLs) will receive more in-depth training which is updated at least every two years to enable them to support other staff on Prevent matters and provide updates on relevant issues.
 - Staff will report any concerns regarding radicalisation to the DSL (or a deputy), who is aware of the [local Kent Prevent procedures](#) to follow. If there is an immediate threat, the police will be contacted via 999.

4.6 Domestic abuse



- Ditton Church Pre-School recognises that:
 - domestic abuse can encompass a wide range of behaviours and may be a single incident or a pattern of incidents.
 - domestic abuse can include, but is not limited to, psychological (including coercive control), physical, sexual, economic, or emotional abuse.
 - children can be victims of domestic abuse if they see, hear, or experience the effects of abuse at home and/or suffer domestic abuse in their own intimate relationships (teenage relationship abuse).
 - Anyone can be a victim of domestic abuse, regardless of sexual identity, age, ethnicity, socio-economic status, sexuality or background, and domestic abuse can take place inside or outside of the home.
 - domestic abuse can take place within different types of relationships, including ex-partners and family members.
 - there is always a potential for domestic abuse to take place when parents/families separate, or for existing domestic abuse to persist or escalate post separation.
 - domestic abuse can have a detrimental and long-term impact on children's health, well-being, development, and ability to learn.
 - domestic abuse concerns will not be looked at in isolation and our response will be considered as part of a holistic approach which takes into account children's lived experiences.
 - it is important not to use victim blaming language and to adopt a trauma informed approach when responding to concerns relating to domestic abuse.
- If staff are concerned that a child may be at risk of seeing, hearing, or experiencing the effects of domestic abuse, immediate action should be taken by speaking to the DSL or a deputy.

4.7 Modern Slavery

- Modern slavery encompasses human trafficking and slavery, servitude and forced or compulsory labour. Exploitation can take many forms, including sexual exploitation, forced labour, slavery, servitude, forced criminality and the removal of organs. Further information on the signs that someone may be a victim of modern slavery, the support available to victims and how to refer them to the NRM is available in the Statutory Guidance: [Modern slavery: how to identify and support victims](#).
- If there are concerns that any member of the community is a victim or involved with modern slavery, concerns should be shared with a DSL or deputy and will be responded to in line with this policy.

5. Supporting Children Potentially at Greater Risk of Harm

- Whilst **all** children should be protected, Ditton Church Pre-School acknowledge that some groups of children are potentially at greater risk of harm. This can include the following groups:



5.1 Safeguarding children with Special Educational Needs or Disabilities (SEND)

- Ditton Church Pre-School acknowledges that children with special educational needs or disabilities (SEND) or certain health conditions can face additional safeguarding challenges and barriers for recognising abuse, neglect or exploitation.
- Ditton Church Pre-School recognises that children with SEND may face additional communication barriers and experience difficulties in managing or reporting abuse or challenges. Children with SEND will be supported to communicate and ensure that their voice is heard and acted upon.
- All members of staff are encouraged to appropriately explore potential indicators of abuse, neglect or exploitation such as behaviour, mood changes or injuries and not to assume that they are related to the child's disability. Staff will be mindful that children with SEND or certain medical conditions, may be disproportionately impacted by behaviours, without outwardly showing any signs.
- To address these additional challenges, our setting will always consider implementing extra support and attention for children with SEND. The DSL will work closely with the SENCO (Lauren Jump) to plan support as required.

5.2 Children requiring mental health support

- Ditton Church Pre-School has an important role to play in supporting the mental health and wellbeing of our children. Mental health problems can, in some cases, be an indicator that a child has suffered or is at risk of suffering abuse, neglect or exploitation.
- Staff are aware that children's experiences, for example where children have suffered abuse and neglect, or other potentially traumatic Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs), can impact on their mental health, behaviour, and education.
- Staff are well placed to observe children day-to-day and identify those whose behaviour suggests that they may be experiencing a mental health problem or be at risk of developing one. Age/ability appropriate education will be provided to children to help promote positive health, wellbeing, and resilience.
- If staff have a mental health concern about a child that is also a safeguarding concern, immediate action should be taken by speaking to the DSL or a deputy.

5.3 Children who are frequently absent

- Attendance can be strongly associated with specific safeguarding issues. Although, it is not mandatory for early years children to attend a setting, it is important for settings to be aware of where children are, if not attending when they are expected to.



- Where possible, the setting will hold more than one emergency contact number for each child, so we have additional options to make contact with a responsible adult if a child absent from the setting is also identified as being a welfare and/or safeguarding concern (see section 3).
- See also our attendance policy

5.4 Children who may benefit from Early Help

- Any child may benefit from early help, In line with Working Together to Safeguard Children, this may include support delivered through community-based approaches or via a joined up multi-agency response.
- All staff should be particularly alert to the potential need for early help for a child who:
 - Is unborn
 - is disabled or has certain health conditions and has specific additional needs
 - has special educational needs (whether or not they have a statutory Education, Health and Care plan)
 - is suffering from mental ill health
 - is a young carer
 - is bereaved
 - is showing signs of being drawn in to anti-social or criminal behaviour, including gang involvement and association with organised crime groups or county lines
 - is frequently missing/goes missing from education, home or care,
 - is at risk of modern slavery, trafficking, sexual and/or criminal exploitation
 - is at risk of being radicalised or exploited
 - is at risk of being radicalised
 - has a parent or carer in custody, or is affected by parental offending
 - is in a family circumstance presenting challenges for the child, such as drug and alcohol misuse, adult mental health issues and domestic abuse
 - is misusing alcohol and other drugs themselves
 - has returned home to their family from care
 - is at risk of so-called ‘honour’-based abuse such as Female Genital Mutilation or Forced Marriage
 - is a privately fostered child.
 - Is persistently absent.
- Where it is identified a child may need early help, staff and DSLs will respond in line with section 3 of this policy.

5.5 Children who need a social worker (child in need and child protection plans)

- The DSL will hold details of social workers working with children in the Pre-School so that decisions can be made in the best interests of the child’s safety, welfare, and educational outcomes.
- Where children have a social worker, this will inform our decisions about their safety and promoting their welfare, for example, responding to absences and provision of pastoral and/or educational support.



5.6 Looked after children, previously looked after children and care leavers

- Ditton Church Pre-School recognises the common reason for children becoming looked after is as a result of abuse, neglect and/or exploitation and a previously looked after child also potentially remains vulnerable.
- Where a child is looked after, the DSL will hold details of the social worker.
- Where safeguarding concerns arise for children who are looked after, previously looked after, or in kinship care, the setting will ensure safeguarding action is considered alongside existing care planning and support arrangements.

5.7 Children who are Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, or Gender Questioning/Trans (LGBT)

- The fact that a child, a young person or an adult may be LGBT is not in itself an inherent risk factor for harm, however, Ditton Church Pre-School recognises that children, young people or adults who are LGBT or may be perceived to be LGBT (whether they are or not) can be targeted. Our staff will endeavour to provide a safe space which enables all members of our community to speak out or share any concerns.

5.8 Children who are privately fostered

- [Private fostering](#) occurs when a child under the age of 16 (under 18 for children with a disability) is provided with care and accommodation by a person who is not a parent, person with parental responsibility for them or a relative in their own home. A child is not privately fostered if the person caring for and accommodating them has done so for less than 28 days and does not intend to do so for longer. Such arrangements may come to the attention of our staff through the normal course of their interaction, and promotion of learning activities, with children.
- Where private fostering arrangements come to the attention of the setting, we will notify Kent Integrated Childrens Services in line with the local [KSCMP arrangements](#) in order to allow the local authority to check the arrangement is suitable and safe for the child.

6. Online/Internet Safety

- It is essential that children are safeguarded from potentially harmful and inappropriate material or behaviours online. Ditton Church Pre-School will adopt a whole setting approach to online safety which will empower, protect, and educate children and staff in their use of technology, and establish mechanisms to identify, intervene in, and escalate any concerns where appropriate.



- Ditton Church Pre-School will ensure online safety is considered as a running and interrelated theme when devising and implementing our policies and procedures, and when planning our education approaches, staff training, the role and responsibilities of the DSL and parental engagement.

For more detail please see our 'Online Safety' policy.

7. Staff Engagement and Expectations

7.1 Staff awareness, induction and training

- Ditton Church Pre-School will ensure all staff understand our setting's safeguarding policy and procedures and have up to date knowledge of safeguarding issues.
- All members of staff will be provided with access to this policy and will sign to say they have read and understood its contents. All staff are expected to re-read this policy at least annually (and following any updates) to ensure they understand our expectations and requirements.
- All new staff and volunteers (including agency and third-party staff) receive safeguarding and child protection training (including online safety), including information to ensure they are aware of our internal safeguarding processes, as part of their induction. This training is regularly updated and is in line with advice from the Kent safeguarding partners and includes induction training with manager/DSL, online training (Noodle Now) and updates from DSLs.
- All staff members (including agency and third-party staff) will receive regular and appropriate child protection training (including online safety) to enable them to identify signs of possible abuse and neglect at the earliest opportunity, and to respond in a timely and appropriate way, in accordance with the safeguarding and welfare requirements of the EYFS. This training will be updated at least annually and includes induction training with manager/DSL, online training (Noodle Now), updates from DSLs and sharing of Safeguarding news bulletins.
- In addition to specific child protection training, all staff will receive regular safeguarding and child protection updates, at least annually, to provide them with relevant skills and knowledge to safeguard children effectively, via email, e-bulletins and discussion at staff meetings, including updates from DSLs.
- Ditton Church Pre-School recognises the expertise staff build by undertaking safeguarding training and from managing safeguarding concerns on a daily basis and staff are encouraged to contribute to and shape our safeguarding arrangements and child protection policies, for example, via input from knowledgeable and experienced staff, inviting input at staff meetings, by ensuring we have two named and suitably trained Deputy DSLs and through discussion at supervision meetings.
- The DSL will maintain an up-to-date record of who has been trained and will provide an annual report to the management committee detailing safeguarding training undertaken.

7.2 Supervision and support

- The induction process will include familiarisation with child protection responsibilities and procedures to be followed if members of staff have any concerns about a child's safety or welfare.
- Management committee of Ditton Church Pre-School will ensure that members of staff are provided with appropriate supervision in accordance with the statutory requirements as outlined in the safeguarding and welfare requirements of the Early Years Foundation Stage (EYFS).
- Ditton Church Pre-School recognises that regular, planned, and accountable supervision is a two-way process, that offers support and develops the knowledge, skills and values of an individual, group, or team.
 - Supervision aims to foster a culture of mutual support, teamwork, and continuous improvement, which encourages the confidential discussion of sensitive issues.
 - Effective supervision will enable our setting to monitor the progress of professional practice and to help staff to improve the quality of the work they do, thus improving outcomes for children as well as achieving agreed objectives.
 - Supervision should provide opportunities for staff to discuss any issues they may have, for example, child development and well-being concerns including child protection concerns, or any concerns they have about the setting or a colleague's practice.
- The setting will ensure all members of staff and volunteers will receive regular and planned supervision sessions. Uninterrupted time will be set aside to ensure any supervision sessions are effective for both practitioner and management to ensure that:
 - All staff are competent to carry out their responsibilities for safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children
 - All staff are supported by the DSL in their safeguarding role.
 - All members of staff have regular reviews of their own practice to ensure they improve over time.
- Any member of staff affected by issues arising from concerns for children's welfare or safety can seek support from the DSL.
- The DSL will also put staff in touch with outside agencies for professional support if they so wish. Staff can also approach organisations such as their Union, the Education Support Partnership or other similar organisations directly.

8. Safer Recruitment and Allegations Against Staff

8.1 Safer recruitment and safeguarding checks

- Ditton Church Pre-School is committed to developing a safe culture and ensuring that steps are taken to recruit staff and volunteers who are safe to work with children and staff. We recognise that we must ensure that people

looking after children in our setting are suitable, have the relevant qualifications, training and have passed any required checks to fulfil their roles.

- Management committee of Ditton Church Pre-School are responsible for ensuring that the setting follows safe recruitment processes outlined within section 3 of the EYFS guidance, including accurate maintenance of the staff records/Single Central Record (SCR). The SCR is a list of staff, volunteers and registered person/trustees/committee members and includes appropriate information which may include:
 - Dates of recruitment,
 - References,
 - Identity checks,
 - Criminal records check reference number, including date and details of person who completed it,
 - Eligibility to work in the UK checks,
 - Other essential key data.

- The setting will obtain an enhanced check by Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) in respect of every person aged 16 and over (including for unsupervised volunteers, and supervised volunteers who provide personal care) who:
 - works directly with children,
 - lives on the premises on which the childcare is provided and/or,
 - works on the premises on which the childcare is provided (unless they do not work on the part of the premises where the childcare takes place, or do not work there at times when children are present).

- An additional check by the DBS (or checks if more than one country) will also be made for anyone who has lived or worked abroad.

- Management committee of Ditton Church Pre-School is responsible for ensuring that the setting adopts an application, vetting and recruitment process which places safeguarding at its center, regardless of employee or voluntary role.

- Management committee of Ditton Church Pre-School is responsible for ensuring that the setting follows safe recruitment processes outlined within guidance. At least one member of the interview panel will have completed safer recruitment training.

- Management committee of Ditton Church Pre-School will ensure appropriate steps are taken to verify qualifications, including in cases where physical evidence cannot be produced.

- Management committee of Ditton Church Pre-School is aware of the requirements to make appropriate checks regarding the disqualification status of all staff, including volunteers and temporary staff.

- We advise all staff to disclose any reason that may affect their suitability to work with children including convictions, cautions, court orders, reprimands and warnings.

- We will ensure that all staff and volunteers have read the staff behaviour policy/code of conduct and understand that their behaviour and practice must be in line with it.



8.2 Allegations/concerns raised in relation to staff, including bank staff, volunteers and contractors

- Ditton Church Pre-School recognises that it is possible for any member of staff, including volunteers, contractors, agency and third-party staff (including bank staff) and visitors to behave in a way that:
 - Indicates they have harmed a child, or may have harmed a child
 - Means they have committed a criminal offence against or related to a child
 - behaved towards a child or children in a way that indicates he or she may pose a risk of harm to children or
 - behaved or may have behaved in a way that indicates they may not be suitable to work with children.
- Any concerns or allegations about staff will be recorded and dealt with appropriately in line with national guidance (Part four of KCSIE) and the [local Kent allegations arrangements](#).
 - In depth information can be found within our ‘Allegations against Staff’ policy. This can be found on our website (www.dittonchurchPre-School.org), in the parents policy file in the hallway and in the staff policy file in the lounge.
 - Ensuring concerns are dealt with effectively will protect those working in or on behalf of the setting from potential false allegations or misunderstandings.
- As part of our approach to safeguarding, our setting adopts an open and transparent culture in which all concerns are dealt with promptly and appropriately. All staff and volunteers should feel able to raise concerns about poor or unsafe practice and potential failures in the setting safeguarding regime. The leadership team at Ditton Church Pre-School will take all concerns or allegations received seriously.
- Allegations should be referred immediately to the manager who will contact the [Local Authority Designated Officer](#) (LADO) to agree further action to be taken in respect of the child and staff member. In the event of allegations of abuse being made against the manager, staff are advised that allegations should be reported to the next member of senior management who will contact the LADO.
- Where managers are unsure how to respond to an allegation, advice will be sought via the [LADO Education Safeguarding Advisory Service](#) enquiry form.
- If Ditton Church Pre-School becomes aware of any relevant information that may lead to an employee being disqualified, we will take appropriate action to ensure the safety of children.
- As a registered provider, we will inform Ofsted of any allegations of serious harm or abuse by anyone living, working, or looking after children at the premises including the disqualification of an employee.
 - This will happen whether the allegations of harm or abuse are alleged to have been committed on the premises or elsewhere, for example, on a visit.
 - We will notify Ofsted of the action taken in response to the allegations.
 - Ofsted will be notified as soon as is reasonably practicable, but in any event within 14 days of the allegations being made.



- All records of concerns will be kept confidential and will be held securely and retained and in compliance with safeguarding requirements, as well as the Data Protection Act 2018 and the UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK GDPR) and other relevant policies and procedures (for example HR/Personnel and data retention policies).
- In all cases where concerns are reported against staff, once proceedings have been concluded, the manager and management committee (and if they have been involved the LADO) will consider the facts and determine whether any lessons can be learned and if any improvements can be made.
- The management committee of Ditton Church Pre-School will make a referral to the Disclosure and Barring Service if a member of staff is dismissed (or would have been, had they not left the setting first) because they have harmed a child or put a child at risk of harm.
- Please see also our ‘low level concerns’ policy for circumstances where the issues raised fall below the level of a serious concern or allegation.

9. Physical Safety

9.1 Physical interventions

- Ditton Church Pre-School recognises that we are responsible for supporting, understanding, and managing children’s behaviour in an appropriate way.
- There may however be circumstances when it is appropriate for staff to use a physical intervention in order to safeguard children from harm, for example to avert immediate danger of personal injury to any person (including the child)
 - Staff will not give or threaten corporal punishment or any punishment which could negatively affect a child's well-being.
 - Staff will be made aware of the behaviour management and physical intervention policies, and any physical interventions must be in line with our agreed policy and procedures and national guidance.
 - Ditton Church Pre-School keeps a record of any occasion where physical intervention is used. Parents and/or carers will be informed of any physical interventions involving their child on the same day, or as soon as reasonably practicable.

9.2 Site security and safety

The following section should be read in conjunction with the following policies:

- Health and Safety
- Emergency Evacuation procedure
- Lockdown procedure
- Administration of Medication policy
- Toileting procedure



- Food and drink procedure
- Procedure for all visitors to the setting
- Confidentiality Policy

- In accordance with our health and safety policy, our staffing arrangements will ensure we are able to meet the needs of all children and ensure their safety

- All members of staff have a responsibility for maintaining awareness of buildings and grounds security and for reporting concerns that may come to light.

- Ditton Church Pre-School will ensure children are only released into the care of individuals of whom the parent has explicitly approved/agreed. Parents are asked to inform us if anyone other than them are collecting children and a password will be required.

- Ditton Church Pre-School will ensure children are not able to leave the premises unsupervised and will ensure children are kept safe whilst on outings. (see health and safety policy)

- All reasonable steps will be taken to prevent unauthorised persons entering the premise;
 - Appropriate checks will be undertaken in respect of visitors and volunteers coming into the setting as outlined within national guidance.
 - Visitors will be expected to sign in and out via the office visitors' log and to display a visitor's badge whilst on site.
 - Any individual who is not known or identifiable on site should be challenged for clarification and reassurance.

- In accordance with our health and safety policies, at least one person who has a current paediatric first aid (PFA) certificate will be on the premises and available at all times when children are present and will always accompany children on outings. However, Ditton Church Pre-School aim to ensure that ALL staff members maintain up to date paediatric first aid training.

- The setting will not accept the behaviour of any individual (parent or other) that threatens our safety or security or leads others (child or adult) to feel unsafe. Such behaviour will be treated as a serious concern and may result in a decision to refuse access for that individual to the site.

Arrivals and Departures

- Ditton Church Pre-School will ensure that all children are greeted warmly and made to feel welcome upon arrival and staff will ensure that they depart safely at the end of every session.

Arrivals

- An accurate record/registration form will be kept of all children who attend the setting.

- No child will be admitted into the Pre-school until the registration and emergency form is



complete with all necessary information identified in the EYFS.

- A register will be kept; arrival and departure times of children will be recorded supplemented by regular head counts throughout the day. The register will be kept on the premises at all times unless all staff and children leave the premises together, in which case the register will be taken.
- A member of staff will immediately record a child's arrival at the setting.
- Familiar staff will greet children and parents.

Departures

- Parents may collect children at any time during the session, preferably giving prior notification to staff where possible.
- Children will only be released to their parent/carer or the person on the permission form unless the setting has been informed of changes beforehand and a password given, which will be recorded on the daily register by the child's name.
- Children should be collected by a responsible adult over the age of 18. Ditton Church Pre-school reserves the right to refuse to release a child from our care if there is any doubt as to the authenticity of the person collecting the child or if they consider the child to be at risk.
- Children must be signed out by a member of staff.
- A staff member will record the departure of the children on the daily register and initial this as a correct record

Non-Collection of Children

Ditton Church Pre-School understands that from time to time parents or carer may arrive late to collect their children from Pre-school. However, in the event of a child not being collected within half an hour of the Pre-school session ending we will initiate the following procedure:

- Staff members will remain with the child and give reassurance.
- Check the register for information about changes to the normal collection routine.
- Phone parent or carer as given on the child's emergency form.
- Phone second emergency contact person as given on the child's emergency form.
- The child will stay on the premises in the care of two members of staff until the child is safely collected either by parents, carer or social worker.
- Under no circumstances are staff to go and look for the parent, neither do they take the child home with them.



- A full written report of the incident is recorded in the child's file.
- In the event that none of the above are successful after one hour and there is no-one who can be contacted to collect the child, we will contact the Kent Safeguarding Children Multi Agency Partnership and or Local Authority Social Worker at the Front Door service:
Office Telephone Number 03000 411111 or Out of Hours service 03000 419191
- Depending on the circumstances, we reserve the right to charge parents for the additional hours worked by our staff.

Parental Responsibility and Legal Contact

- Ditton Church Pre-School need to know who has 'Parental Responsibility' (PR) for each child in our care. This is to ensure that the proper authority is given when the setting needs parental permission. It will also make sure that anyone with parental responsibility regardless of whether they live with their child can be provided with any reports and given an opportunity to be involved in the child's care and education. Persons who have parental responsibility automatically are:
 - Mothers always have parental responsibility;
 - Fathers also have parental responsibility for a child if the father is married to the mother at the time of the child's birth. This continues after any divorce/separation/remarriage even if the child lives apart from them;
 - For children born after 1st December 2003, unmarried fathers have parental responsibility where the mother and father register the birth of the child together i.e. if the name of the father is on the birth certificate.
- There may be situations when other people also have Parental Responsibility for your child. For example, where the court orders that the child shall reside with a named person, that person gains parental responsibility. This could apply to grandparents or aunts and uncles. Adoptive parents of an adopted child also have parental responsibility for them. In these circumstances there will be an order from the court specifying who has Parental Responsibility.
- If your child is in the care of the Local Authority under an order from the court, then the Local Authority will also have PR for them. Because of this, we will need to know the name of your child's social worker.
- Ditton Church Pre-School is required to keep on the admission register a new partner. The only circumstances when a parent no longer has PR is when an Adoption Order is made by the court.
- We have a legal responsibility to involve anyone who has PR in your child's care and education, regardless of whether this is your wish. The only circumstance when this responsibility varies is if a court order is in place specifying that no information on your child should be given to that person. There may also be exceptional circumstances when the police or Children's Social Services tell us that a particular individual poses a risk, therefore should not have access to information.
- In order for Ditton Church Pre-School to know who has PR for your child, we will need to see a copy of his/her birth certificate. In the event that any other person has PR for your child, we will also need to see a copy of the court order specifying this.



- If two female parents have a child through fertility treatment, the mother's female partner is treated in the same way as a father. She has parental responsibility if she is married to or in a civil partnership with the mother at the time of the treatment (or if the two women agree in writing that she will be the child's second parent). She can also acquire parental responsibility in the same way that a child's father can.

Court Orders

- Ditton Church Pre-School also need to be aware of any legal orders relating to your child. For example, there may be a 'Residence Order' in place which states that your child must live with you, or there may be a 'Contact Order' in place which specifies when your child's other parent sees them. If your child is the subject to any of these orders, we will need to see the original order to make sure we have all the relevant information.
- As already stated, there may be occasions when a court order is made preventing a person from having access to any information on your child, or contact with them. If this is the case, we must see a copy of the order, a solicitor's letter will not be sufficient.

Missing Child Policy

- Statutory Framework:
Section 3 – The Welfare Requirements: Safeguarding and Promoting Children's Welfare
Legislation Links:
The Children's Act – 1989,2004

At Ditton Church Pre-School the children's safety is maintained as the highest priority at all times both on and off the premises. Every attempt is made to follow procedures i.e. the exit and entrance procedures to ensure the security of children is maintained at all times. In the unlikely event of a child going missing, our missing child procedure is as follows.-

Child going missing on the premises:

- As soon as it is noticed that a child is missing the key person/ staff alerts the setting leader.
- The setting leader will authorise a thorough search of the building and garden and delegate roles to staff as necessary
- The register is checked to make sure no other child has also gone astray.
- Doors and gates are checked to see if there has been a breach of security whereby a child could wander out.
- If there is no threat to the personal safety of Pre-school staff, the setting leader will authorise a designated staff member to leave the premises to widen the search for the child.
- If the child is not found, the parent is contacted and the missing child is reported to the police.
- If the parent is not contactable the first emergency/second emergency contact numbers are phoned as per the Pre-school's emergency form.
- The setting leader talks to the staff to find out when and where the child was last seen and records this.
- The setting leader contacts the chairperson and reports the incident. The chairperson,



with the management committee carries out an investigation and may come to the setting immediately.

Child going missing on an outing:

- If a child goes missing from an outing where parents are not attending and responsible for their own child, the Pre-school ensures that there is a procedure that is followed.
- As soon as it is noticed that a child is missing, staff on the outing ask the children to stand with their designated person and carry out a head count to ensure that no other child has gone astray. One staff searches the immediate vicinity but does not search beyond that.
- The person in charge at the time is informed immediately. However, if this is not the setting leader then she will be informed and if possible, will make her way to the venue to aid the search and be the point of contact for the police as well as support the staff.
- The setting leader will be responsible for delegating roles to staff members as necessary.
- The setting leader contacts the police and reports the child missing.
- The setting leader contacts the parents and requests that they make their way to the setting or outing venue if possible.
- Staff will take the remaining children back to Ditton Church Pre-School.
- In an indoor venue, the staff contacts the venue's security who will handle the search and contact the police if the child is not found.
- The setting leader will contact the chairperson of the Management Committee, who will carry out an investigation and may come down to the Pre-school immediately.
- The setting leader, or designated staff member may be advised by the police to stay at the venue until they arrive.

The Investigation

- Staff will keep calm and will not let the other children become anxious or worried.
- The setting leader together with the chairperson or representation from the management committee speaks to the parent(s).
- The management committee chairperson carries out a full investigation taking written statements from all the staff present at the time, or who were on the outing.
- The key person/staff writes a (timed and dated) incident report detailing:
 - The date and time of the incident;
 - What staff/children were in the group/outing and the name of the designated person responsible for the missing child.
 - When the child was last seen in the group/outing.
 - What has taken place in the group or outing since the child went missing.
 - The time it is estimated that the child went missing
- A conclusion is drawn as to how the breach of security happened.
- If the incident warrants a police investigation all staff co-operate fully. In this case, the police will handle all aspects of the investigation, include interviewing staff. Children's Social Care may be involved if it seems likely that there is a child protection issue to address.



- The incident is reported under RIDDOR arrangements and is recorded in the incident book; the local authority health and safety officer may want to investigate and will decide if there is a case for prosecution.
- Ofsted will be informed of the incident and its outcome, in writing, including whether disciplinary action needs to be taken and if the child was injured.
- The insurance provider is informed.

Managing People

- Missing child incidents are very worrying for all concerned. Part of managing the incident is to try to keep everyone as calm as possible.
- The staff will feel worried about the child, especially the key person or the designated carer responsible for the safety of that child for the outing. They may blame themselves and their feelings of anxiety and distress will rise as the length of time the child is missing increases.
- The staff may be the understandable target of parental anger and they may be afraid.
- Setting leaders need to ensure that staff under investigation are not only fairly treated but receive support while feeling vulnerable.
- The parents will feel angry, and fraught. They may want to blame staff and may single out one staff member over others; they may direct their anger at the setting leader. When dealing with a distraught and angry parent, there should always be two members of staff, one of whom is the setting leader and the other should be the chairperson of the management committee or representative. No matter how understandable the parent's anger may be, aggression or threats against staff are not tolerated.
- The other children are also sensitive to what is going on around them. They too may be worried. The remaining staff caring for them need to be focused on their needs and must not discuss the incident in front of them. They should answer children's questions honestly but also reassure them.
- In accordance with the severity of the final outcome, staff may need counselling and support. If the child is not found, or is injured, or worse, this may be a very difficult time. The chairperson will use their discretion to decide what action to take.
- Staff must not discuss any missing child incident with the press without taking advice.

Maintaining Children's Safety and Security on The Premises

Policy Statement

- At Ditton Church Pre-School we maintain the highest possible security of our premises to ensure that each child is safe and cared for during their time with us.

Procedures

- Children's personal safety
We ensure all employed staff have been checked by an enhanced disclosure from the DBS.



- Volunteering adults do not supervise children on their own.
- All children are supervised by adults at all times.
- Whenever children are on the premises at least two adults are present.
- We carry out yearly risk assessments and daily health and safety checks, to ensure children are not made vulnerable within any part of our premises, nor by an activity.

Security

- Systems are in place for the safe arrival and departure of children. Children's arrival and departures are recorded and children are only released into the care of individuals named by parents (see Departures above).
- Arrival and departures of adults - staff, volunteers and visitors are recorded.
- Personal possessions of staff and volunteers are securely stored during sessions.
- The premises are checked before locking up at the end of each session.
- Our systems prevent unauthorised access on our premises.
- Our systems prevent children leaving the premises unnoticed.

10. Local Support

All members of staff in Ditton Church Pre-School are made aware of local support available.

- **Kent Integrated Children's Services/ Children's Social Work Services**
 - [Kent Integrated Children's Services Portal](#) – select 'urgent' if there is an immediate risk/concern
 - Front Door Service: 03000 411111
 - Out of Hours Number: 03000 419191
- **Local Early Help and Preventative Services and Family Hubs**
 - [Early Help and Preventative Services - KELSI](#)
 - [Early Help contacts - KELSI](#)
 - [Kent Family Hubs - Kent County Council](#)
- **Kent Police**
 - 101 or 999 if there is an immediate risk of harm
- **Kent Safeguarding Children Multi-Agency Partnership (KSCMP)**
 - www.kscmp.org.uk
 - 03000 421126 or kscmp@kent.gov.uk
- **Adult Safeguarding**
 - Adult Social Care via 03000 41 61 61 (text relay 18001 03000 41 61 61) or email social.services@kent.gov.uk
- **Kent LADO Education Safeguarding Advisory Service (LESAS) – Support for Kent Children's Workforce**



Next date for review:	November 2026
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- [Local Authority Designated Officer \(LADO\) - Kent Safeguarding Children Multi-Agency Partnership](#)
 - To speak to the LADO regarding an allegation against a member of staff, complete a referral on the [Kent Integrated Children's Services Portal](#).
 - To raise a LADO, strategic education safeguarding or online safety enquiry, commission a review or enquiry about bespoke training or other safeguarding products, please use the [LESAS enquiry form](#).

This policy was adopted by the: Ditton Church Pre-School Management Committee

Date: June 2026

Signed on behalf of the Management Committee:

Role of signatory: Chair of Management Committee

Next review date: November 2026



Appendix 1: Categories of Abuse

All staff should be aware that abuse, neglect, exploitation and other safeguarding issues are rarely standalone events that can be covered by one definition or label. In most cases multiple issues will overlap with one another.

Abuse: a form of maltreatment of a child. Somebody may abuse or neglect a child by inflicting harm, or by failing to act to prevent harm. They may be abused by an adult or adults or another child or children. It should be noted that abuse can be carried out both on and offline and be perpetrated by men, women, and children.

Sexual abuse: involves forcing or enticing a child or young person to take part in sexual activities, not necessarily involving a high level of violence, whether or not the child is aware of what is happening. The activities may involve physical contact, including assault by penetration (for example rape or oral sex) or non-penetrative acts such as masturbation, kissing, rubbing, and touching outside of clothing. They may also include non-contact activities, such as involving children in looking at, or in the production of, sexual images, watching sexual activities, encouraging children to behave in sexually inappropriate ways, or grooming a child in preparation for abuse (including via the internet). Sexual abuse is not solely perpetrated by adult males. Women can also commit acts of sexual abuse, as can other children.

Signs that MAY INDICATE Sexual Abuse

- Sudden changes in behaviour and performance
- Displays of affection which are sexual and age inappropriate
- Self-harm, self-mutilation or attempts at suicide
- Alluding to secrets which they cannot reveal
- Tendency to cling or need constant reassurance
- Regression to younger behaviour, for example thumb sucking, playing with discarded toys, acting like a baby
- Distrust of familiar adults, for example, anxiety of being left with relatives, a childminder or lodger
- Unexplained gifts or money
- Depression and withdrawal
- Fear of undressing, for example for PE
- Secrecy relating to use of technology
- Sexually transmitted disease or pregnancy
- Fire setting

Physical abuse: a form of abuse which may involve hitting, shaking, throwing, poisoning, burning, or scalding, drowning, suffocating or otherwise causing physical harm to a child. Physical harm may also be caused when a parent or carer fabricates the symptoms of, or deliberately induces, illness in a child.

Signs that MAY INDICATE physical abuse

- Bruises and abrasions around the face
- Damage or injury around the mouth



- Bi-lateral injuries, such as two bruised eyes
- Bruising to soft area of the face such as the cheeks
- Fingertip bruising to the front or back of torso
- Bite marks
- Burns or scalds (unusual patterns and spread of injuries)
- Deep contact burns, such as cigarette burns
- Injuries suggesting beatings (strap marks, welts)
- Covering arms and legs even when hot
- Inappropriate/harmful medication usage
- Aggressive behaviour or severe temper outbursts.
- Injuries that cannot be accounted for. Inadequate, inconsistent, or excessively plausible explanations for an injury, or a delay in seeking treatment should signal concern.

Emotional abuse: the persistent emotional maltreatment of a child such as to cause severe and adverse effects on the child's emotional development. It may involve conveying to a child that they are worthless or unloved, inadequate, or valued only insofar as they meet the needs of another person. It may include not giving the child opportunities to express their views, deliberately silencing them or 'making fun' of what they say or how they communicate. It may feature age or developmentally inappropriate expectations being imposed on children. These may include interactions that are beyond a child's developmental capability as well as overprotection and limitation of exploration and learning or preventing the child participating in normal social interaction. It may involve seeing or hearing the ill-treatment of another. It may involve serious bullying (including cyberbullying), causing children frequently to feel frightened or in danger, or the exploitation or corruption of children. Some level of emotional abuse is involved in all types of maltreatment of a child, although it may occur alone.

Signs that MAY INDICATE emotional abuse

- Over reaction to mistakes
- Lack of self-confidence/esteem
- Sudden speech disorders
- Self-harming
- Eating Disorders
- Extremes of passivity and/or aggression
- Compulsive stealing
- Drug, alcohol, solvent abuse
- Fear of parents being contacted
- Unwillingness or inability to play
- Secrecy relating to use of technology
- Excessive need for approval, attention, and affection

Neglect: the persistent failure to meet a child's basic physical and/or psychological needs, likely to result in the serious impairment of the child's health or development. Neglect may occur during pregnancy as a result of maternal substance abuse. Once a child is born, neglect may involve a parent or carer failing to: provide adequate food, clothing, and shelter (including exclusion from home or abandonment); protect a child from physical and emotional harm or danger; ensure adequate supervision (including the use of inadequate care-givers); or ensure access to



appropriate medical care or treatment. It may also include neglect of, or unresponsiveness to, a child's basic emotional needs.

Signs that MAY INDICATE neglect.

- Constant hunger
- Poor personal hygiene
- Constant tiredness
- Inadequate clothing
- Frequent lateness or non-attendance
- Untreated medical problems
- Poor relationship with peers
- Compulsive stealing and scavenging
- Rocking, hair twisting and thumb sucking
- Running away
- Loss of weight or being constantly underweight
- Low self esteem



Appendix 2: Support Organisations

KSCMP

Factsheets: www.kscmp.org.uk/training/factsheets

Supporting resources: www.kscmp.org.uk/training/training-resources

Video explainers: www.kscmp.org.uk/training/video-explainers

NSPCC ‘Report Abuse in Education’ Helpline

- [0800 136 663](tel:0800136663) or help@nspcc.org.uk

National Organisations

- NSPCC: www.nspcc.org.uk
- Barnardo’s: www.barnardos.org.uk
- Action for Children: www.actionforchildren.org.uk
- Children’s Society: www.childrensociety.org.uk
- Centre of Expertise on Child Sexual Abuse: www.csacentre.org.uk

Support for Staff

- Education Support Partnership: www.educationsupportpartnership.org.uk
- Professional Online Safety Helpline: www.saferinternet.org.uk/helpline
- Harmful Sexual Behaviour Support Service: <https://swgfl.org.uk/harmful-sexual-behaviour-support-service>
- **NSPCC Whistleblowing helpline:** www.nspcc.org.uk/keeping-children-safe/reporting-abuse/dedicated-helplines/whistleblowing-advice-line/
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Support for Children and Young People

- ChildLine: www.childline.org.uk
- Papyrus: www.papyrus-uk.org
- The Mix: www.themix.org.uk
- Shout: www.giveusashout.org
- Fearless: www.fearless.org
- Victim Support: www.victimsupport.org.uk
- **Lucy Faithfull Foundation ‘Shore Space’:** <https://shorespace.org.uk/>

Support for Adults

KCC Adult Safeguarding: www.kent.gov.uk/social-care-and-health/adult-social-care/adult-safeguarding

Kent and Medway Safeguarding Adults Board: <https://kmsab.org.uk/>

- Family Lives: www.familylives.org.uk
- Crime Stoppers: www.crimestoppers-uk.org
- Victim Support: www.victimsupport.org.uk
- The Samaritans: www.samaritans.org



- NAPAC (National Association for People Abused in Childhood): www.napac.org.uk
- MOSAC: www.mosac.org.uk
- Action Fraud: www.actionfraud.police.uk
- Shout: www.giveusashout.org
- Advice now: www.advicenow.org.uk

Support for Early Years Parents/Carers

Kent County Council Family Hubs: www.kent.gov.uk/education-and-children/kent-family-hub

Health visiting: www.kent.gov.uk/education-and-children/kent-family-hub/pregnancy-and-the-first-two-years/toddler/health-visiting

Kent Children and Families Information Service (CFIS): www.kent.gov.uk/education-and-children/childcare-and-preschool/our-childcare-advice-line

ICON: <https://iconcope.org/>

Support for Special Educational Needs and Disabilities

- Respond: www.respond.org.uk
- Mencap: www.mencap.org.uk
- Council for Disabled Children: <https://councilfordisabledchildren.org.uk>
- **Kent Autistic Trust:** www.kentautistictrust.org/
- **AFASIC:** www.afasic.org.uk/
- **National Autistic Society:** www.autism.org.uk/
- **Kent County Council:** www.kent.gov.uk/education-and-children/special-educational-needs-and-disabilities/support-for-parents-with-send-children
- **Portage:** www.kent.gov.uk/education-and-children/specail-educational-needs-and-disabilities/support-for-children-under5/portage-supporting-pre-school-children-with-send
- **Information Advice and Support Kent (IASK):** www.iask.org.uk/
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Contextual Safeguarding Network

- <https://contextualsafeguarding.org.uk/>

Kent Resilience Hub

- <https://kentresiliencehub.org.uk/>

Substance Misuse

- We are with you (formerly Addaction): www.wearewithyou.org.uk/services/kent-for-young-people/
- Talk to Frank: www.talktofrank.com

Domestic Abuse

- Domestic abuse services: www.domesticabuseservices.org.uk
- **KSCMP:** www.kscmp.org.uk/guidance/domestic-abuse



- Refuge: www.refuge.org.uk
- Women's Aid: www.womensaid.org.uk
- Men's Advice Line: www.mensadvice.org.uk
- Mankind: www.mankindcounselling.org.uk
- National Domestic Abuse Helpline: www.nationaldahelpline.org.uk
- Respect Phonenumber: <https://respectphonenumber.org.uk>

Criminal and Sexual Exploitation

- National Crime Agency: www.nationalcrimeagency.gov.uk/who-we-are
- **KSCMP:** www.kscmp.org.uk/guidance/exploitation
- **Kent & Medway Violence Reduction Unit:** <https://kentandmedwayvru.co.uk/>
- It's not okay: www.itsnotokay.co.uk
- NWG Network: www.nwgnetwork.org
- County Lines Toolkit for Professionals:
www.childrenssociety.org.uk/information/professionals/resources/county-lines-toolkit
- **The Children's Society:** www.childrenssociety.org.uk/what-we-do/our-work/preventing-child-sexual-exploitation
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So-called Honour Based Abuse

- Karma Nirvana: <https://karmanirvana.org.uk>
- Forced Marriage Unit: www.gov.uk/guidance/forced-marriage
- FGM Factsheet:
https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/496415/6_1639_HO_SP_FGM_mandatory_reporting_Fact_sheet_Web.pdf
- Mandatory reporting of female genital mutilation: procedural information:
www.gov.uk/government/publications/mandatory-reporting-of-female-genital-mutilation-procedural-information
- The right to choose - government guidance on forced marriage: www.gov.uk/government/publications/the-right-to-choose-government-guidance-on-forced-marriage

Child-on-Child abuse, including bullying, sexual violence and harassment

- Rape Crisis: <https://rapecrisis.org.uk>
- Brook: www.brook.org.uk
- Disrespect Nobody: www.disrespectnobody.co.uk
- Upskirting – know your rights: www.gov.uk/government/news/upskirting-know-your-rights
- Lucy Faithfull Foundation: www.lucyfaithfull.org.uk
- Stop it Now! www.stopitnow.org.uk
- Parents Protect: www.parentsprotect.co.uk
- Anti-Bullying Alliance: www.anti-bullyingalliance.org.uk
- Diana Award: www.antibullyingpro.com/
- Kidscape: www.kidscape.org.uk
- **Centre of expertise on Child Sexual Abuse:** www.csacentre.org.uk



- **Lucy Faithfull Foundation ‘Shore Space’:** <https://shorespace.org.uk/>

Online Safety

- NCA-CEOP: www.ceop.police.uk and www.thinkuknow.co.uk
- Internet Watch Foundation (IWF): www.iwf.org.uk
- Childnet: www.childnet.com
- UK Safer Internet Centre: www.saferinternet.org.uk
- Report Harmful Content: <https://reportharmfulcontent.com>
- Marie Collins Foundation: www.mariecollinsfoundation.org.uk
- Internet Matters: www.internetmatters.org
- NSPCC: www.nspcc.org.uk/onlinesafety
- Get Safe Online: www.getsafeonline.org
- Parents Protect: www.parentsprotect.co.uk
- Cyber Choices: <https://nationalcrimeagency.gov.uk/what-we-do/crime-threats/cyber-crime/cyberchoices>
- National Cyber Security Centre (NCSC): www.ncsc.gov.uk
- **KSCMP:** www.kscmp.org.uk/guidance/online-safety

Mental Health

- Mind: www.mind.org.uk
- Moodspark: <https://moodspark.org.uk>
- Young Minds: www.youngminds.org.uk
- We are with you: www.wearewithyou.org.uk/services/kent-for-young-people/
- Anna Freud: www.annafreud.org/schools-and-colleges/
- **KSCMP:** www.kscmp.org.uk/guidance/children-and-young-peoples-mental-health
- **Kent & Medway Children & Young People’s Mental Health Services (CYPMHS):** www.nelft.nhs.uk/services-kent-children-young-peoples-mental-health/
- **MindEd:** <https://mindedforfamilies.org.uk/>
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Radicalisation and hate

- Educate against Hate: www.educateagainsthate.com
- Counter Terrorism Internet Referral Unit: www.gov.uk/report-terrorism
- True Vision: www.report-it.org.uk
- **Kent Prevent Education Officers:** www.kelsi.org.uk/child-protection-and-safeguarding/The-Prevent-Duty-In-Education
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Children with Family Members in Prison

- National information Centre on Children of Offenders (NICCO): <https://www.nicco.org.uk/>
- **Prisoners’ Families Helpline –** <https://www.prisonersfamilies.org/>